

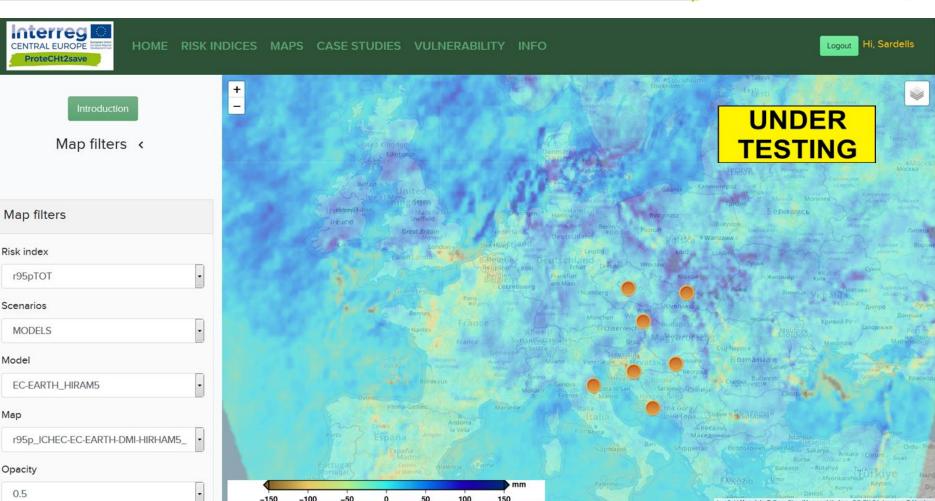
2nd International Conference "Managing the protection of Cultural Heritage in changing environment"

Municipal House, nám. Republiky 5, 111 21 Staré

ProteCHt2save Web GIS Tool for Risk Mapping







<u>Designed to support</u> regional and local authorities to prepare measures and evacuation plans in case of emergencies for building resilience of cultural heritage to <u>extreme events linked to climate change</u>



WP T1 Identification of risk areas and priorities

WP T1 OUTPUTS

O.T1.1	Invento	ry of	f ex	isting	а	rchives,
	maps,	datab	ases,	mode	J:	outputs
	for risk	evalua	ation	(state	of	art)

Data harmonization and management.
Information from existing CC
simulations/scenarios/NatCatSERVICE database on
loss events due to natural hazards/existing
national emergency plans for natural disaster
response

O.T1.2	Development of
	local maps for risk
	management and
	protection of
	cultural heritage

Production of a map creator ICT tool aiming at assessing risk prone areas and "hot spots" where multiple concurrent hazards lead to potential impacts on CH.

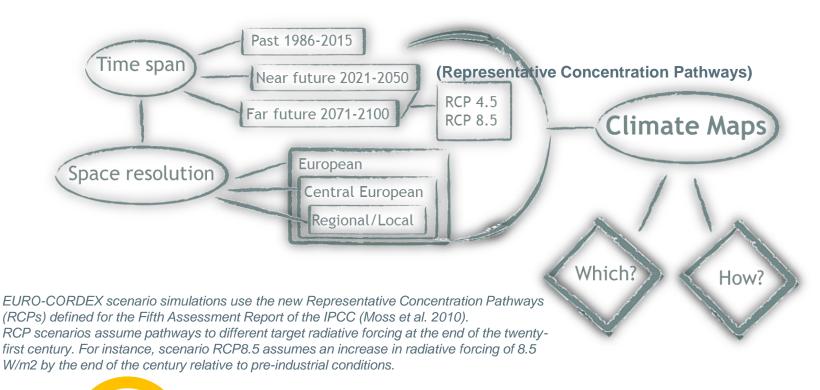
O.T1.3 Compilation of a comprehensive set of Manual for mitigation and adaptation

The Manual will offer adaptation strategies for CH management in the face of climate change, with the main aim of assisting heritage stakeholders, policy and decision makers.





CLIMATE DATA, DOWNSCALING AND ANALYSIS TOOLS



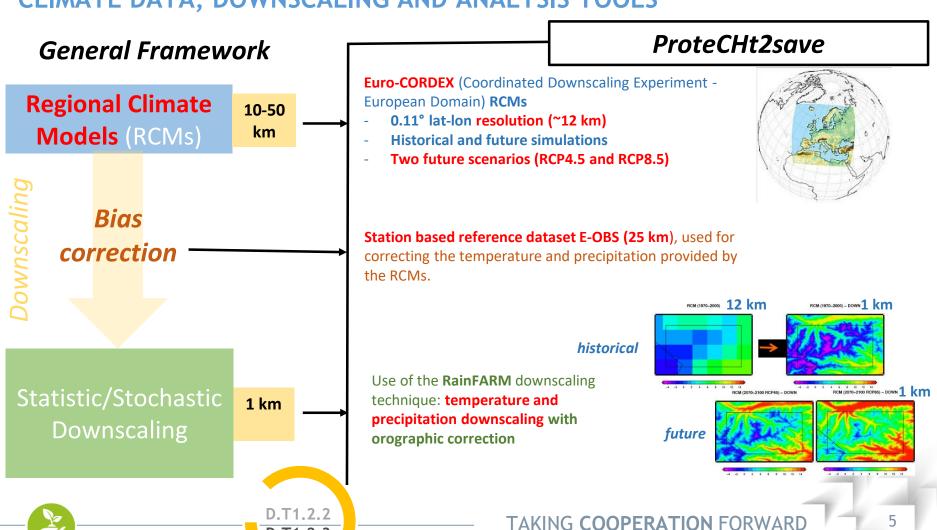


Elaboration of maps with hot spots of extreme potential impacts on CH



CLIMATE DATA, DOWNSCALING AND ANALYSIS TOOLS

D.T1.2.3





CLIMATE EXTREMES AND METRICS

<u>The analysis of changes in climate extremes</u>, such as dry spells or intense precipitation, <u>exploited software tools</u> which are being <u>developed in the framework of the Copernicus C3S</u> <u>project MAGIC</u> (C3S 34a lot2) <u>by ISAC-CNR (http://portal.c3s-magic.eu/)</u>.

The tools are collected in an integrated software tool (ESMValTool) and provide indices to evaluate **statistics of extreme events for temperature and precipitation** and to compare with observed extremes. They implement <u>standard indices defined by the Expert Team on Climate Change Detection Indices (ETCCDI)</u> and other indices measuring hydroclimatic intensity.

Data from models has been used for the production of:

- i) maps of changes of principal climate variables (temperature and precipitation)
- ii) maps related to climate extremes by using indexes selected among those defined by the CCI/WCRP/JCOMM Expert Team on Climate Change Detection and Indices (ETCCDI) (http://www.climdex.org/indices.html)







D.T1.2.2 D.T1.2.3

CLIMATE EXTREMES AND METRICS

Indexes selected to evaluate statistics of extreme events for temperature and precipitation and to compare with observed extremes



Extreme

heating

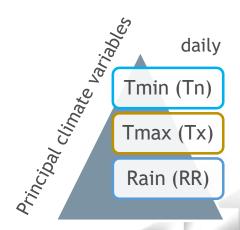
- R20mm. Annual count of days when PRCP≥ 20mm.
- R95 pTOT





• Tx90p

https://www.climdex.org/learn/indices https://portal.c3s-magic.eu/#/diagnostics







ELABORATION OF MAPS WITH HOT SPOTS OF EXTREME POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON CH

D.T1.2.2 D.T1.2.3

Summary

8 maps	Past (1987-2016) wrt (1951-1980)
>8	Near future (2021-2050) wrt (1975-2005)
maps	RCP4.5
>8 maps	Near future
	RCP8.5
>8 maps	Far future (2071-2100) wrt (1975-2005)
	RCP4.5
>8 maps	Far future
	RCP8.5

Number of maps produced: > 40



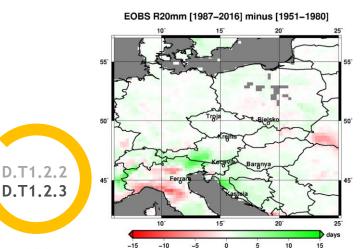


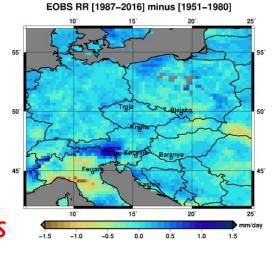
ELABORATION OF MAPS WITH HOT SPOTS OF EXTREME

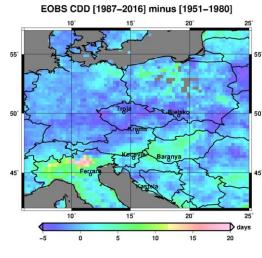
POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON CH

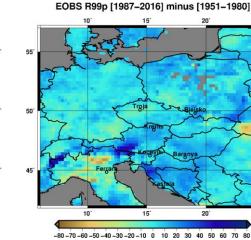
Changes in (1987-2016) wrt (1951-1980) of precipitation and precipitation-related extremes (CDD, R20mm, R99pTOT, Rx5day) in Central Europe

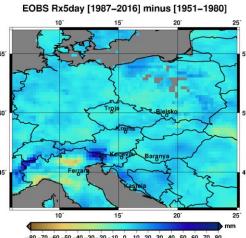
Data source: E-OBS











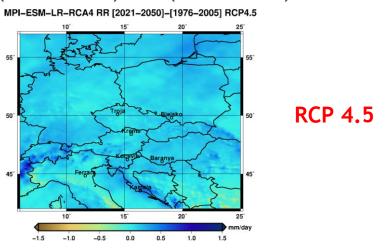


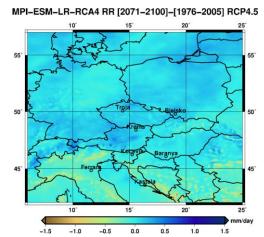


ELABORATION OF MAPS WITH HOT SPOTS OF EXTREME POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON CH

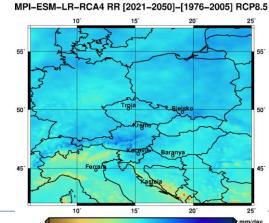
in (2021-2050) wrt (1976-2005)

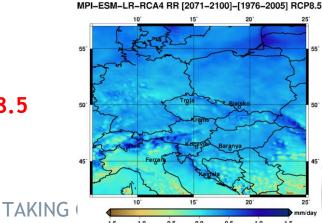
in (2071-2100) wrt (1976-2005)





Changes in precipitation in Central Europe:



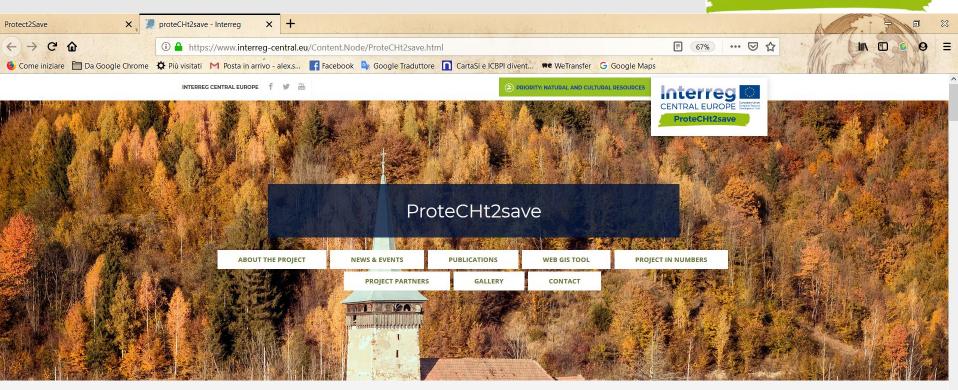


D.T1.2.2 D.T1.2.3

Data source: RCA4 RCM (Euro-CORDEX)

RCP 8.5





RISK ASSESSMENT AND SUSTAINABLE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE IN CHANGING ENVIRONMENT

Disasters and catastrophes pose risks not only to the conservation of cultural heritage assets with its cultural, historic and artistic values, but also to the safety of visitors, staff and local communities. Additionally, they cause undoubtedly negative consequences for the local economies.

Activities

The ProteCHt2save project contributes to an improvement of capacities of

Main expected results

ProteCHt2save will deliver ICT solutions (web-based inventory and maps) and tools (decision support tool, best practices manual, handbook on transnational rescue procedures) for risk management and protection of cultural heritage in central Europe. Pilot actions will test the approach and tools in risk prone areas and areas with cultural heritage vulnerabilities to improve the existing disaster risk management plans and policies in municipalities.



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ON LINE DEMO....

